



RTU Course "Computer-Aided Analysis of Mechanical Systems of Machines"

15325 Teorēt.mehānikas un materiālu pretestības katedra

General data

| | |
|---|---|
| Code | MTH503 |
| Course title | Computer-Aided Analysis of Mechanical Systems of Machines |
| Course status in the programme | Compulsory/Courses of Limited Choice |
| Course level | Post-graduate Studies |
| Course type | Academic |
| Field of study | Mechanics, Mechanical Engineering, Machine Building |
| Responsible instructor | Auziņš Jānis |
| Academic staff | Januševskis Aleksandrs |
| Volume of the course: parts and credits points | 1 part, 4.0 Credit Points, 6.0 ECTS credits |
| Language of instruction | LV, RU, DE |
| Possibility of distance learning | Not planned |
| Maximum auditorium capacity | 25 |
| Maximum number of students per semester | 25 |
| Abstract | <p>Matrix methods in mechanism kinematics and dynamics. The method of constraints for planar kinematic analysis. Revolute, prismatic, gear and cam pairs are considered together with other 2 degrees-of-freedom types of constraints. Formal description of kinematic diagrams. The automatic assembly of the systems of equations for position, velocity and acceleration analysis. Geometry of masses. Forward and inverse tasks of geometric, static, kinematic and dynamic analysis. Dynamics of planar systems. Computation of planar generalized forces for external forces and for actuator-spring-damper element. Relations between transfer velocity, angular velocity of rigid body and generalized velocities: analogue matrices. Simple applications of inverse and forward dynamic analysis. Numerical integration of first-order initial-value problems. Accuracy and stability of integration methods. Kinematics of rigid bodies in space. Reference frames for the location of a body in space. Euler angles and Euler parameters. Velocity, acceleration and angular velocity. Relationship between the angular velocity vector and the time derivatives of Euler parameters. Kinematic analysis of spatial systems. Basic kinematic constraints. Joint definition frames. Denavit-Hartenberg notation. The constraints required for the description in space of common kinematic pairs (revolute, prismatic, cylindrical, spherical). Equations of motion of constrained spatial systems. Computation of spatial generalized forces for external forces and for actuator-springdamper element. Computation of reaction forces from Lagrange's multipliers. Dynamical models of AC and DC electromotors, internal-combustion and diesel engines. Dynamical models of control systems: PID controllers.</p> <p>2D simulation packages: Working model 2D. 3D simulation packages MSC ADAMS: ADAMS View. Parametric optimization. Programs ADAMS Insight, EDAOpt.</p> |
| Goals and objectives of the course in terms of competences and skills | <p>Develop knowledge and skills of basic mechanism and machine analysis. Develop understanding of various classes of linkages. Develop understanding of kinematics and dynamics of rigid bodies in mechanism chains. Develop understanding of forward and inverse kinematic and dynamic problems. Develop understanding of the basics of numerical integration for machine dynamic simulation. Develop knowledge of machine drive and control system simulation. Develop ability to perform position, velocity, acceleration and force analysis on 2D and 3D mechanisms and machines by use of commercial software. Develop understanding of how to analyze machines and how to properly report the results.</p> |
| Structure and tasks of independent studies | <p>Students must carry out following home works:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Simulation of planar mechanisms with software Working Model 2D: four-bar, crank, crank-rocker, cam, double-pendulum mechanisms, Scara-type robot simulation. 2. Simulation of machines with electro drive - electric car. 3. Simulation of machines with PID controllers - balancing of unstable mechanical system: inverted pendulum. 4. Non-linear oscillation system. 5. Simulation of automatically controlled spatial mechanism with MSC ADAMS software: Puma-type 3-link manipulator with PID control. 6. Optimization of cam mechanism parameters. 7. All students are obliged to carry out the course project: parametric optimization of the given mechanism. |
| Recommended literature | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. E. J. Haug, "Computer-Aided Kinematics and Dynamics of Mechanical Systems, Volume I: Basic Methods", Allyn and Bacon, 1989. 2. M. T. Heath "Scientific Computing, An Introductory Survey", 2nd ed., 2002 3. R.L. Woods, Modelling and Simulation of Dynamic Systems, Prentice Hall, 1997 4. Working Model 2 D User's Manual, MSC Software, 2005 5. MSC.ADAMS Basic Full Simulation Package. Training Guide, MSC, 2005. 6. Lekciju slaidu faili pdf formātā. |
| Course prerequisites | Mathematics, physics, mechanics, Theoretical mechanics. |

Course outline

| Theme | Hours |
|--|-------|
| Classification of tasks of machine analysis. Forward and inverse problems of position, kinematics and dynamics. | 4 |
| Euler angles and parameters, rotation matrices, its derivations and relation with angular velocities. Inertia tensor. | 4 |
| Newton-Euler equations in a matrix form. | 4 |
| Kinematic links and pairs. Kinematic chains, constraint equations. Rotation, translation, cylindrical, spherical joint. | 4 |
| Kinematic chains, closed kinematic loops. Degrees of freedom. Generalized coordinates. | 4 |
| Lagrange's equations of the second type in a matrix form. | 4 |
| Numerical methods of dynamics. Numerical methods for ODE's, its application in dynamics of mechanisms. | 4 |
| Formalism of description of mechanism kinematics. Denavit-Hartenberg notation. | 4 |
| Viscous and dry friction. Methods of link contact simulation. | 4 |
| Force calculation in kinematic chains. Planar and spatial trusses. | 4 |
| Mechanism simulation software: WorkingModel 2D, MSC ADAMS | 4 |
| Connection between dynamic simulation software and virtual prototyping software SolidWorks, AutoCad. | 4 |
| Controlled systems, drive and control system block-diagrams. | 4 |
| Formalism of drive and control systems. Electrodrive, internal-combustion and diesel engine dynamic models. | 4 |
| Consideration of link elasticity and joint gap. Import of elastic models of bodies from FEM software (ANSYS, SolidWorks) | 4 |
| Optimization of machines. Software EDAOpt, ADAMS Insight. | 4 |

Learning outcomes and assessment

| Learning outcomes | Assessment methods |
|--|-----------------------|
| Knowledge of vector and matrix mathematics for the analysis of mechanisms. | Exam questions |
| Knowledge of common elements in machine design. | Exam questions |
| Ability to perform kinematic analysis of mechanisms. | Independent task/work |
| Ability to perform dynamic simulation of machines. | Independent task/work |
| Ability to apply numerical integration methods. | Independent task/work |
| Proficiency to apply software to solve engineering problems including ODE's, systems of linear equations, and eigenvalue analysis. | Independent task/work |
| Compute kinematics and dynamics of 3D mechanisms using Euler angles, Euler parameters, rotation matrices, constraint vectors. | Coursework |
| Ability to develop and utilize models of machines. | Exam questions |
| Ability to optimize of machines. | Coursework |
| Use of commercially available mechanism analysis software and understand the underlying algorithms and theory behind them. | Coursework |

Study subject structure

| Part | CP | ECTS | Hours per Week | | | Tests | | |
|------|-----|------|----------------|-----------|------|-------|------|------|
| | | | Lectures | Practical | Lab. | Test | Exam | Work |
| 1. | 4.0 | 6.0 | 1.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 | | * | |